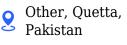
# Dur Muhammad Hejwani

Medical officer

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#### Summary

Being a public health worker to deal/ identify the relationship health in community. Ability to recognize , analyze and recommended solutions to health system needs and problems. Ability to train Health professionals to promote and implemented health related initiatives, also ability to maintain records, prepare reports and also communicate effectively with others. Also experience in Internal Medicine, Paediatric Medicine, General Surgery and Neurosurgery from Liaquat University Hospital, Hydradabad/Jamshoro. Have worked in clinical settings of Endocrinology and Neurosurgical ICU from Liaquat University Hospital, Hydradabad/Jamshoro. Have also worked in dierent Hospitals that includes City International Hospital Quetta, Child Life Foundation and Balochistan Institute of Nephrology and Urology (BINUQ). Ability to deliver patient-centered care in both in-patient and out-patient clinical settings. Excellent Communication skills with supervisor, colleagues and General Public./p/div

## Skills

Access Control Management | Central Venous Catheter Insertion | Endotracheal Intubation | Foley\'s Cather Insertion | Long Term Relationship Building | Microsoft Typing 30 words/minute | nasogastric tube insertion | relaxation therapy | Remains Calm And In Control Under Pressure | Stress Management | Ventilator Operation

# Experience

| Jul 2021 - Present  | ➤ Medical officer<br>Child life foundation, Quetta, Pakistan  |
|---------------------|---|
|                     | Medical Officer Duration : 31st,July 2021to continue  |
|                     | Worked as Medical Officer in Paediatric Medicine in Child Life Foundation, Quetta.<br>Clinical Learning Includes Dog/Scorpion/Snake Bites, Organophosphate Poisoning,<br>Vaccination, Dehydration, Tuberculosis, Nephrotic Syndrome in Children, Meningitis<br>etc. Here they have paperless work amd facilities of Telemedicine help in<br>management of patients. |
| May 2021 - Jul 2021 | Medical officer<br>Balochistan Institute of Nephrology and Urology, Quetta, Pakistan  |
|                     | Medical Officer ( Nephrology ) Duration : 06th,May 2021 to 22nd, July 2021  |
|                     | Worked As Medical Officer in Nephrology Department. I have worked in Ward,<br>Emergency, ICU and Dialysis. Have experience of dealing patients of Acute Kidney<br>Failure, Chronic Kidney Disease, Glomerulonephropathies, Renal Stones etc. Have<br>exposure towards dialysis patients and their complications during dialysis especially                          |
| Mar 2021 - Apr 2021 | Duty Doctor City International Hospital Quetta, Quetta, Pakistan  |

|                     | Internship Duration : 25th ,March 2021to 25th ,April 2021  |
|---------------------|--|
|                     | Patient History Taking, Clinical Examination, Investigations, Diagnosis and Treatment.   |
| Mar 2020 - Mar 2021 | ➤ House Job<br>Liaquat University Hospital Hyderabad/Jamshoro sindh, Hyderabad, Pakistan   |
|                     | 3Months Rotation in each of the following Wards:   |
|                     | Internal Medicine: Clincal Learning includes Pepticulcer, Gastroenteritis, Malaria,,<br>Tyohoid, Irritable bowel Syndrome, Inammatory Bowel Disease, Chronic kidney<br>disease, Acute Kidney Injury, Chronic Liver Disease, Acute Coronary Syndrome.   |
|                     | Endocrinology (Part of Internal Medicine): Clinical Learning Includes Hyper and Hypothyroidism, Diabetes Insipidus, Pituitary adenoma, Diabetes type I and II, Acromegaly etc.   |
|                     | General Surgery: Clinical Learning includes Appendicitis, Intestinal Obstruction,<br>Minor amputations, Road Trac Accidents, Debridement, Suturing, Wound Dressing,<br>Stoma bagging, Hemorrhoids, Anal Fissures, Abscess Drainage, Proctoscopy, Digital<br>Rectal examination.  |
|                     | Paediatric Medicine : Clinical Learning includes Dog bites, Organophosphate<br>poisoning, Snake Bites, Scorpion Bite, Meningitis, Seizures, Gastroenteritis, Post<br>Streptococcal Glomerulonephritis, Acute tonsillitis, Croup, Measles and its<br>complications, Chicken Pox, Neonatal Sepsis, Neonatal Jaundice, Newborn<br>examination, Intussusception, Kerosene/Petroleum poisoning, Endotracheal<br>Intubation etc. |
|                     | Neurosurgery: Clinical Learning includes Extradural /Subdural Hematoma initial<br>management, Subarachnoid Heamorrhage, Hydrocephalus Initial Management,<br>Seizures, ICU care, Ventilator Operation with ABGs interpretation, Diuse axonal<br>Injury, Central Venous Catheter Insertion etc.   |

# Education

| 2024 🔾 | Alhand Islamic University Quetta campus<br>Masters in Science , MSPH<br>Public Health, Research Methodology, Environmental Health<br>CGPA: 3.5/4 |
|--------|--|
| 2019 👌 | Llaquat University of Medical and Health Sciences Jamshoro Sindh<br>MBBS<br>Clinical Medicine and Surgery, Gynecology, Paediatric<br>Completed   |
| 2012 🖒 | Government Higher Secondary School<br>Intermediate/A-Level<br>Pre-Medical  |
| 2009 👌 | Universal Science School and college<br>Matriculation/O-Level<br>Science   |

## **Projects**

#### Prevalence of Malnutrition in Children From 1 month 3 years

https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.10446040

Acute malnutrition is a major public health problem that needs urgent attention and response in all drought affected districts of the Balochistan province. The current study is designed the 1 month to 3 years children

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from district Quetta. A survey based and clinical based study was conducted by anthropometry method used for data collection. The data is collected from 6 months to onward; it's observed that weak and emaciated, A person that is emaciated is extremely thin and weak because of illness or lack of food. The Stunting; Wasting; Underweight and Overweight child's were seen very closely and collected data. A cross sectional survey was conducted to determine the health status of in tehseels of district Quetta (Especially), Balochistan after applying proportionate sampling technique from March 2023 to Sept 2023. Study evaluated the low or poor feeding practices in children, because of low income, not adequate knowledge and disease infections. In conclusion, the findings of our study revealed high prevalence of malnutrition, poor oral health and lake of proper nutritional diets for parents and children.

### Languages

**Urdu** Expert

English Expert **Sindhi** Expert

**Balochi** Expert **Saraiki** Intermediate **Pashto** Intermediate