

UCPO Test-Paper

Time: 60 Minute

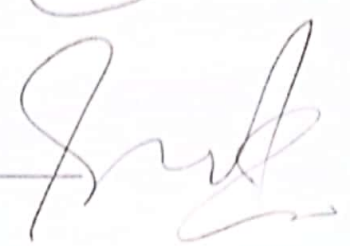
Total Marks: 50

Attempt all questions. The answers should be in asked format.

Roll # UCPO-4

Applied for (Union Council): Kotki

36/50



Instructions for Candidates:

Welcome to the assessment centre, the test will approximately take around 60 minutes to solve that will evaluate your basic knowlede about polio and PEI programme. **The test is to be attempted on the test sheet provided to you by the invigilator.**

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Section A Total Marks(25)

Q.No 1-A): Mark as true or false (10 marks)

1.1: Anti polio campaign activities may include:

- a. Promoting use of antibiotics F ✓
- b. Routine immunization against polio F ✓
- c. Running awareness campaign against polio T ✓
- d. Campaign for improving personal hygiene & sanitation F ✓
- e. Mass vaccination to under six months children only F ✓

1.2: Most effective way to deal with families refusing polio vaccination to their children could be

- f. Using police force F ✓
- g. Using community influencer T ✓
- h. Providing information regarding effects of polio vaccine T ✓
- i. Providing incentives in form money to convert F ✓
- j. Threatening to take legal action against the family F ✓

Q.No 1-B): Choose the Correct Answer from the following; (5 Marks)

i) Diseases like polio, whooping cough, measles, mumps etc. can be avoided by

- k. Medicine
- l. Vaccination ✓
- m. Precautions
- n. Avoiding contact

ii) How does the poliovirus cause paralysis?

- a. It causes the receptors to misinterpret the signals from the central nervous system
- b. It eats away at the muscles the provide mobility. ✓
- c. It destroys several key blood vessels in the spinal cord.
- d. It destroys the motor neurons in the central nervous system. ✓

iii) What is the preferred route of administration and injection site of IPV?

- a. Oral.
- b. Intramuscular into the thigh. ✓
- c. Intramuscular into the upper arm.
- d. Intradermal into the upper arm.
- e. Subcutaneous into the upper arm.

iv) What information is provided by the immunization card?

- a. Child's date of birth
- b. Vaccines already received ✓

- c. Vaccines needed for the future
- d. Next appointment for vaccination
- e. All of the above

v) How should multiple vaccines be administered to an infant in one session?

- a. Do not give IPV and other injectable vaccines at the same visit.
- b. Give oral vaccines first, then inject the infant with each injectable vaccine separately.
- c. Mix all injectable vaccines into the same syringe

Q.No.1-C): Fill in the blanks (5 marks):

1. RCM stands for Rapid Campaign monitoring
2. Polio stands for Polio myelitis
3. Finger marking is applied on the little finger
4. How many diseases are covered in Routine Immunization 10
5. Polio is caused by virus

Q.No.1-D) Write correct abbreviations of the following (Marks-05)

1. bOPV → Bivalent oral Polio Vaccine
2. BCC → British board Casting
3. LQAS → Lots quality Assurance Sampling
4. PEI → Polio Eradication Initiative

Q.No.2)- Write Short answers of the following questions- (Marks- 15)

- ✓ 2.1. Enlist Issues during same day coverage & compilation of data? (5)
- ✓ 2.2. Why is polio vaccination being done repeatedly? (3)
- ✓ 2.3. Briefly explain the effectiveness of IPV vaccine? (3)
- ✓ 2.4. What is zero Dose & how to identify, vaccinate & record it. (4)

✓ Q.No.3)- In Pakistan, some of the children with polio cases are missed due to inaccessibility. What would be your advice to the polio team on how to improve access to these children using social mobilization and communication strategies? Please describe in outline form a basic strategy which might help reach these children with immunization outreach activities. (10 Marks)

issues during same day coverage:-
Most of the area Incharge during
evening meeting covers fake NA
& Refusal coverage to gain

high percent coverage during
their Reports. To give report to DPCR
during Campaign. They don't think
abt their report due to which problem
occur in their reports. They don't
know abt their compilation data.
Total children were not matching
with Tally Sheet.

Ans
(2.2) OPV is safe & effective for children
during NIDs and Routine Vaccination.

If a child get Vaccination in
Routine Immunization. He will get
Polio Vaccination during SIAs.

2) Most of the childrens have
Poor Sanitation & Poor Hygiene
Status due to which ~~of~~ more
of the OPV Vaccination is
needed. Polio Vaccination is useful
for children repeatedly. Polio Vaccination
save children from permanent paralysis.

If a child get more doses of Polio ~~etc~~ will
provide protection to children. There
is not side effect of Polio Vaccination
if a routine schedule is complete.

Q No. 2

Ans (2.4) :- Any children less than 24m whose have not received any Routine vaccine is called Zero Dose children.

Team member during Polio campaign when visits the house hold and asking from Parents and Zero Dose are recorded in the back of the tallysheet in the Zero Dose portion. with Complete detail of HNo., child name and father name as well as with complete address and contact number.

3) EPP Tech. of the Health facility will make a list of the recorded Zero children and will cover the Zero at fix site or at outreach during Routine Vaccination.

Q.2-3) Effectiveness of IPV Vaccines

IPV stand for Inactivated Polio Vaccine. IPV is an injectable form and will be given to children during Routine Vaccination at the age of 14 weeks. IPV works against polio viruses Type 1, 2 & Type 3 and will work as antibiotic to the children. IPV give protection from the virus to the blood. It works for blood immunity. IPV is expensive as compared to OPV. IPV have 10 doses and will inject in Intramuscular route.

Q.No.3
Ans ③ majority of the children missed from polio vaccination in Pakistan in every polio campaign. Parent does not know abt Polio drops. I advise to the polio team to improve access to these children by the use of social mobilization & communication activities. In those area where parent didn't know abt the importance of polio vaccination.

will arrange community engagement session with the parents to communicate abt the importance of polio vaccination of that area.

social mobilization activity will
play a basic role in the area
meeting with community elders
& influencers abt polio vaccination.

meeting with Religious leader
and local elders to aware abt
Polio Vaccination.

A medical relief camp
if possible to provide facilitation.
or any other food means hygiene is
provided to that people.

To brief the Community
abt the importance of the polio
vaccination as well as routine
vaccination. To provide Technical
education and free tuition Center
to the community and facilitate them
with basic facility. To involve social
media representative to aware the
community abt the polio vaccination
and routine immunization services
at door steps for those people.

UCPO Test-Paper

Time: 60 Minute

Total Marks: 50

Attempt all questions. The answers should be in asked format.

26.5
/ 50

Roll # UCPO-2

Applied for (Union Council): Kotki

[Handwritten Signature]

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Section A Total Marks(25)

Q.No 1-A): Mark as true or false (10 marks)

10/10

I.1: Anti polio campaign activities may include:

3

- T a. Promoting use of antibiotics
- T b. Routine immunization against polio
- T c. Running awareness campaign against polio
- F d. Campaign for improving personal hygiene & sanitation
- F e. Mass vaccination to under six months children only

I.2: Most effective way to deal with families refusing polio vaccination to their children could be

5

- F f. Using police force
- T g. Using community influencer
- T h. Providing information regarding effects of polio vaccine
- F i. Providing incentives in form money to convert
- F j. Threatening to take legal action against the family

4/5

Q.No 1-B): Choose the Correct Answer from the following: (5 Marks)

i) Diseases like polio, whooping cough, measles, mumps etc. can be avoided by

1

- k. Medicine
- l. Vaccination
- m. Precautions
- n. Avoiding contact

ii) How does the poliovirus cause paralysis?

0

- a. It causes the receptors to misinterpret the signals from the central nervous system
- b. It eats away at the muscles the provide mobility.
- c. It destroys several key blood vessels in the spinal cord.
- d. It destroys the motor neurons in the central nervous system.

iii) What is the preferred route of administration and injection site of IPV?

1

- a. Orai.
- b. Intramuscular into the thigh.
- c. Intramuscular into the upper arm.
- d. Intradermal into the upper arm.
- e. Subcutaneous into the upper arm.

iv) What information is provided by the immunization card?

1

- a. Child's date of birth
- b. Vaccines already received

- c. Vaccines needed for the future
- d. Next appointment for vaccination
- e. All of the above

v) How should multiple vaccines be administered to an infant in one session?

- a. Do not give IPV and other injectable vaccines at the same visit.
- b. Give oral vaccines first, then inject the infant with each injectable vaccine separately.
- c. Mix all injectable vaccines into the same syringe

Q.No.1-C) Fill in the blanks (5 marks):

1. RCM stands for Review Committee Meeting.
2. Polio stands for poliomyelitis.
3. Finger marking is applied on the left finger.
4. How many diseases are covered in Routine Immunization Ten.
5. Polio is caused by polio virus.

Q.No.1-D) Write correct abbreviations of the following (Marks-05)

1. OPV Bio Oral Polio Vaccine.
2. BCG Besse Calmet - Goren.
3. IQAS Lot Quality Assurance.
4. PEI Polio Eradication Initiative.

Q.No.2) Write Short answers of the following questions- (Marks- 15)

- 2.1. Enlist Issues during same day coverage & compilation of data? (5)
- 2.2. Why is polio vaccination being done repeatedly? (3)
- 2.3. Briefly explain the effectiveness of IPV vaccine? (3)
- 2.4. What is zero Dose & how to identify, vaccinate & record it. (4)

Q.No.3) In Pakistan, some of the children with polio cases are missed due to inaccessibility. What would be your advice to the polio team on how to improve access to these children using social mobilization and communication strategies? Please describe in outline form a basic strategy which might help reach these children with immunization outreach activities. (10 Marks)

1. Enlist Issues:-

Ans:- During my visit I observed, Some Teams were did not visit for NA, Refusal coverage,

Some Teams checked their same day coverage below 45%.

I checked some Teams chalking did not found for same day.

Then I checked Aic compilation data, he covered NA fake in compilation.

Recorded Tallysheet children not matched with compilation sheet.

Q.2.2:- Why is Polio vaccination being done repeatedly?

Ans:- Because there are Polio virus positive. And Polio virus

② will eradicate with Polio vaccination. otherwise Polio virus can not eradicated on other methodology.

Q.2.3 Briefly explain the effectiveness of IPV vaccine?

Ans:- IPV vaccine is most for every child,

① IPV vaccine is booster immunity provide to child. and IPV vaccine direct infected.

Q4. What is zero dose and how to identify, vaccinate and record it.

Ans- A child less than two years old, Missed Essential immunization, did not received only a single dose is called zero dose.

During SIA House to House visit will checked every under two years child EPI card. and Asked to his parents about zero dose children.

When I record it in the field then I inform Concern EPI Technician for vaccinating them. and will verified it again.

Last Q No 3:- 1

Ans: My advice for miss children accessibility.

- ① Prepared Plan for coverage,
- ② do deeply Micro Enances, ③ Availability of transport
- ④ Security Clearance. ⑤ Before OPV Campaign Social mobilization activities if there Refusal.
- ⑥ Prepared link with influencer of the area, Religious person, for vaccination.
- ⑦ Starting of outreach session for Strongly immunization, As well as AFP Surveillance.
- ⑧ MapUP Campaign Activities if miss to most SIA.

UCPO Test-Paper

Time: 60 Minute

Total Marks: 50

Attempt all questions. The answers should be in asked format.

24+1

30

Roll # UCPO - 1

Applied for (Union Council): Kotki

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Section A Total Marks(25)

Q.No 1-A): Mark as true or false (10 marks) (2)

1.1: Anti polio campaign activities may include:

- a. Promoting use of antibiotics *True* ✓
- b. Routine immunization against polio *False* ✗
- c. Running awareness campaign against polio *True* ✓
- d. Campaign for improving personal hygiene & sanitation *False* ✗
- e. Mass vaccination to under six months children only *False* ✓

(2)

1.2: Most effective way to deal with families refusing polio vaccination to their children could be

- f. Using police force *False*
- g. Using community influencer *True*
- h. Providing information regarding effects of polio vaccine *True*
- i. Providing incentives in form money to convert *False*
- j. Threatening to take legal action against the family *False*

(5)

Q.No 1-B): Choose the Correct Answer from the following: (5 Marks)

- j) Diseases like polio, whooping cough, measles, mumps etc. can be avoided by
 - k. Medicine
 - l. Vaccination
 - m. Precautions
 - n. Avoiding contact

(1)

ii) How does the poliovirus cause paralysis?

- a. It causes the receptors to misinterpret the signals from the central nervous system
- b. It eats away at the muscles the provide mobility.
- c. It destroys several key blood vessels in the spinal cord.
- d. It destroys the motor neurons in the central nervous system.

(1)

iii) What is the preferred route of administration and injection site of IPV?

- a. Oral
- b. Intramuscular into the thigh.
- c. Intramuscular into the upper arm.
- d. Intradermal into the upper arm.
- e. Subcutaneous into the upper arm.

(1)

iv) What information is provided by the immunization card?

- a. Child's date of birth
- b. Vaccines already received

(1)

- c. Vaccines needed for the future
- d. Next appointment for vaccination
- All of the above

v) How should multiple vaccines be administered to an infant in one session?

- a. Do not give IPV and other injectable vaccines at the same visit.
- b. Give oral vaccines first, then inject the infant with each injectable vaccine separately.
- c. Mix all injectable vaccines into the same syringe

Q.No.1-C) Fill in the blanks (5 marks):

1. REM stands for Rapid Eradication Monitor. Polio malitias.
2. Polio stands for polio malitias degen.
3. Finger marking is applied on the left finger
4. How many diseases are covered in Routine Immunization 10
5. Polio is cause by Virus

Q.No.1-D) Write correct abbreviations of the following (Marks-05)

- 1. BOPV bivalent oral polio vaccine
- 2. BCC low quality Assment Sample
- 3. IQAS Polio eradication Initiative
- 4. PEI

Q.No.2) Write Short answers of the following questions- (Marks-15)

- 2.1. Enlist Issues during same day coverage & compilation of data? (5)
- 2.2. Why is polio vaccination being done repeatedly? (3)
- 2.3. Briefly explain the effectiveness of IPV vaccine? (3)
- 2.4. What is zero Dose & how to identify, vaccinate & record it. (4)

Q.No.3)- In Pakistan, some of the children with polio cases are missed due to inaccessibility. What would be your advice to the polio team on how to improve access to these children using social mobilization and communication strategies? Please describe in outline form a basic strategy which might help reach these children with immunization outreach activities. (10 Marks)

Issues during same day coverage:

- i) Take same day coverage. not covered in the field
- ii) Only Tell more.
- iii) Detail of same day coverage below from box.
- iv) If not write proper details of children ^{is the tally sheet} which there children are miss children / Refusal children in the data compilation.

2:2

Polio vaccination repeated:

Polio vaccination repeated

because the polio cases are coming from this Area. Polio Virus available in the Areas. which are affected the child. Environmental sampling positive in the Area. High Refusal in the Areas. Polio cases in the Areas. ^{number} AFP cases are in the Areas. HRNP population in the Area. In last the polio virus present in the Area which the effect the childrens.

2:3

IPV Vaccine:-

Inactive Polio vaccine which start

in Pakistan to the child at the age of 14 weeks from the birth. These vaccine are more effective to the child if the cold chain maintain properly. These vaccine present in the child body and the polio virus not affect the child.

2.4 Zero Dose :- Identify, vaccine & record..

Zero dose are those children which are not received single dose of P.I. Such as BCG, Penta, Rota etc. Zero dose identify are from LHM, HCP, Team members, Team leaders.

Influencers and LHM etc.

Zero dose ~~are~~ children are mostly visit on a one fix day i.e. (Friday)

To BHU's for vaccination or outreach session conducted in the Areas to vaccinate the

childrens. Record are peremthly and daily register in the BHU's.

These childrens are recorded properly and then vaccinated.

QNO: 3 In Pakistan children polio cases are missed due to inaccessibility.

The advice to polio teams are influencers engaged for this children to not missed.

Awareness session conducted in this areas.

To people knows about that. The polio teams are local in this areas and teams meet every Friday to religious leaders and speech on this and also HCPS visited by the teams and identify this childrens. If the polio team speaking/communication are good than also ask in the every house in the polio campaign.

Specilly (IPC) them never missed these childrens. Teams are known in the areas and they people knows there are polio worker and AFP etc. They are will in form about these types of childrens in the area

If the Team ask in the every
houses about the children which are
covered by polio. ~~proper~~ Household
are give proper information about AFP etc.